

#AAD2019



1-5 MARCH 2019

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## Pediatric dermatology: Dr. Oriol Corral Magaña



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# F016, F035 & U017:ALERGIC CONTACT DERMATITIS (DRA. HUSSAIN & DR. YU)



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- CAD is prevalent in children (20% of all "atopic dermatitis").
- Same presentation as Atopic dermatitis. Sometimes atypical presentation.
- Only 1 children per 30 adults is patch tested. Relevant results rates are similar in adults & children.

#### **Limitations:**

- Limited space → highly selective.
- Cooperation

#### **TOP 3:**

- Nickel
- Cobalt
- Neomycin

First standard base for children #38 by ACDS. (Yu et al 2018)

## F016: IDENTIFYING AND TREATING COMMON SKIN CONDITIONS IN CHILDREN (DR. HUSSAIN)



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#### **OCPs in teenagers with Acne**

 3 FDA approved OCPs for treatment of acne. For women after 1 year postmenarchal. Thrombotic history, smoking and migraine with aura. Thrombotic events are rare in children. No matter in bone mass or growing.

#### Alopecia Areta treatment pearls

 Therapeutic pearl: Class I topical steroid cream am – Tretinoin 0,025% or 0,05% cream at bedtime. Mo-Fri (weekends off)

#### Therapeutic Pearl: Cozying up to your molluscum

• 50% response rate after exposure to infrared-generated heat 44°C x30 min weekly max 12 weeks.

### **PSORIASIS IN CHILDREN (DR. BOSS)**



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- Psoriasis and comorbidities (when to screen?):
  - Make family history!
  - 9-10 y.o. beggin screening for: NAFLD (ALT), DM (Glucose), Dyslipemia (lipid panel), Depresion & anxiety (ROS)
  - Hypertension: since 3 y.o. with blood pressure
- Psoriasis: biologic treatment in children (FDA):
  - Etanercept (4 y.o.) 0,8 mg/kg weekly
  - Ustekinumab (12 y.o.) 45 mg(<100) or 90 mg (≥100) at 0-4- q12w</li>
  - Adalimumab and infliximab: approved for other diseases. May be considerate.
  - Unclear in children: Apremilast, IL-17 blockade, IL-23 blockade, other anti-TNFs

Clinical Review & Education

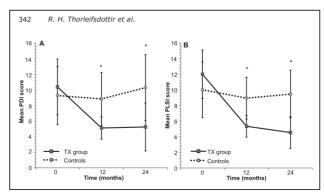
JAMA Dermatology | Consensus Statement

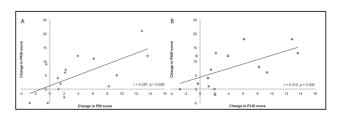
Pediatric Psoriasis Comorbidity Screening Guidelines

Emily Osier, MD; Audrey S. Wang, MD; Megha M. Tollefson, MD; Kelly M. Cordoro, MD; Stephen R. Daniels, MD, PhD; Andrew Eichenfield, MD; Joel M. Gelfand, MD, MSCE; Alice B. Gottlieb, MD, PhD; Alexa B. Kimball, MD, MPH; Mark Lebwohl, MD; Nehal N. Mehta, MD, MSCE; Amy S. Paller, MD; Jeffrey B. Schwimmer, MD; Dennis M. Styne, MD; Abby S. Van Voorhees, MD; Wynnis L. Tom, MD; Lawrence F. Eichenfield, MD

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- Tonsillectomy? (Thorleifsdottir. 2017)
  - RCA 29 patients 15 T vs 14 c.
  - Principal variable: QoL. Secondary: correlation of QoL changes with PASI.
  - Tonsillectomy group present significant improvement in QoL and this correlates well with PASI scores.
  - Literature systematic review: variable outcomes. No general recommendations can be done.
  - Tonsillectomy may be an option for selected recalcitrant and recurrent cases.
  - Personal recommendation: Do it always if there is a strong co-relation in recalcitrant cases.







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- MF is quite rare but represents 30% of all pediatric lymphomas.
- The most common presentation is hypopigmented MF followed by erythematous/classic form.
- Early stages (T1+T2) 88-97%. Survival similar to match-aged patient.
- Diagnosis: biopsy + Laboratory (CBC, CMP, LDH).

#### Staging is not necessary in all patients:

- Similar survival rates
- Avoid unnecessary anxiety
- Aggressive early treatment will not affect survival rates.
- Expensive
- WHO is at risk? Older patient (>20 y.o.), LyP, poikilodermatous lesions.

### PEDIATRIC MYCOSIS FUNGOIDES (DR. SAMIMI)



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Options for localized/ Limited Involvement Only (10%BSA)	Options for Localized/ Limited and Generalized Involvement	Options for Generalized Involvement Only (>10% BSA)
Imiquimod	Topical steroids	UVB, PUVA
Topical retinoids (tretinoine, tazorac, bexarotene)	Topical chemoterapy (Nitrogen Mustard, Carmustine)	TSEB low dose
Excimer laser	IL INFalpha	
Local RT		
PUVA		
PhDT		
IL Kenalog		